

# The *in crystallo* optical spectroscopy (*icOS*) Lab

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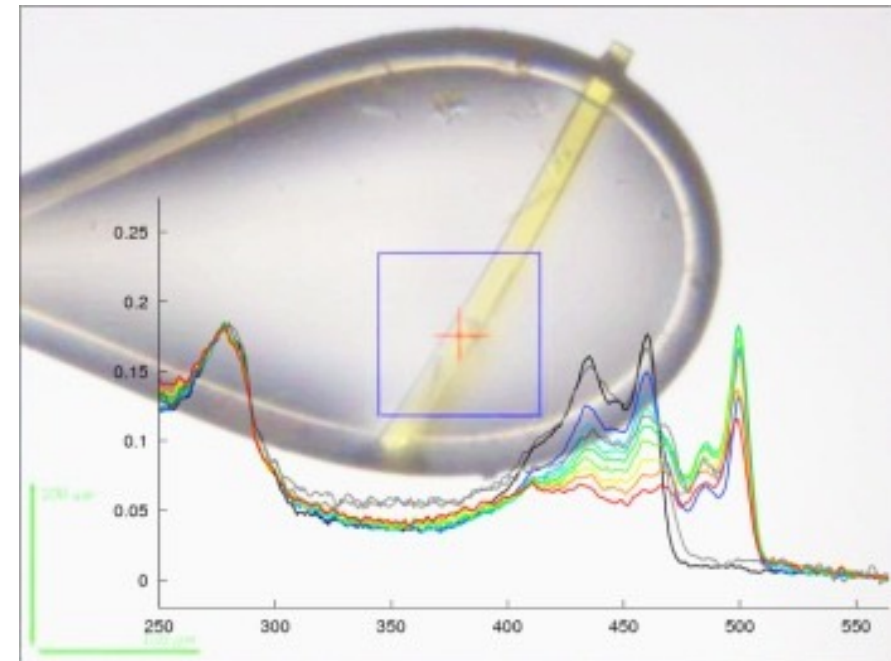
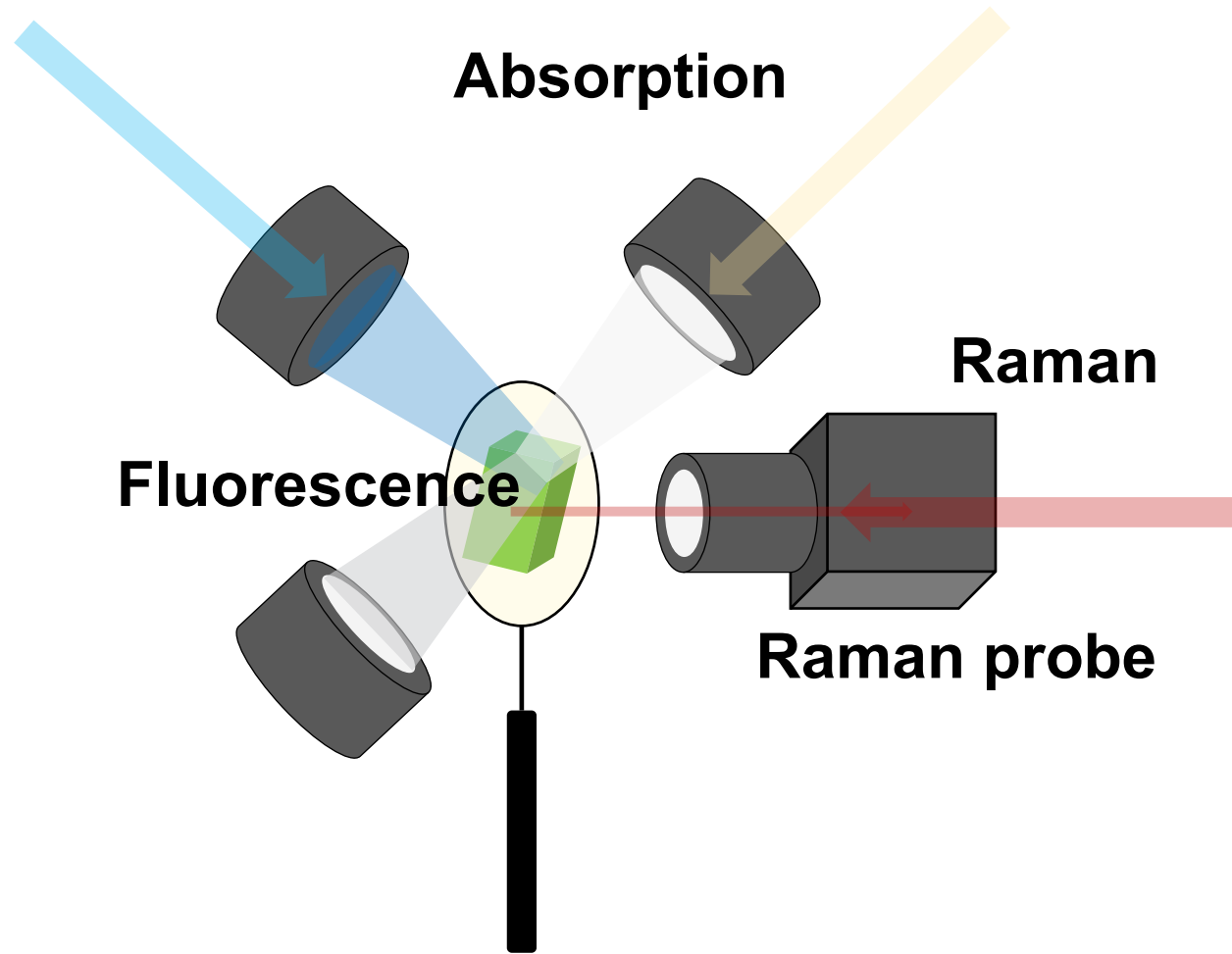
SB BAG meeting  
7 February 2022



# Complementary spectroscopy techniques

The *icOS* Lab, an IBS/ESRF platform, located at the ESRF (formerly known as the Cryobench)

- UV-visible abs/fluorescence/Raman spectra directly measured on crystals at **cryogenic** or **room** temperature

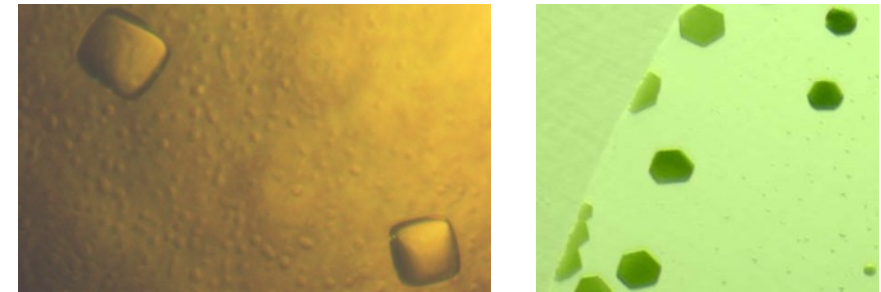


# Many proteins are coloured

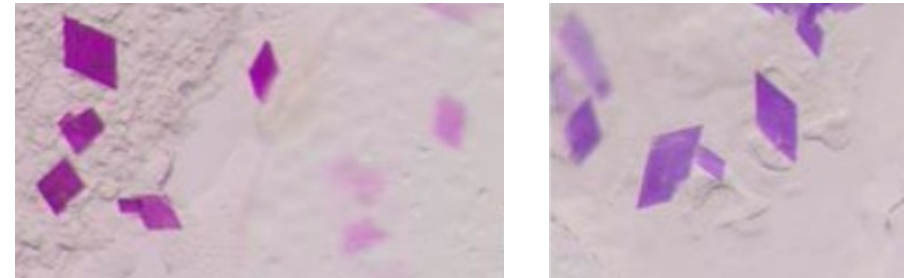
- Metal centres: Fe, Cu, **Co**



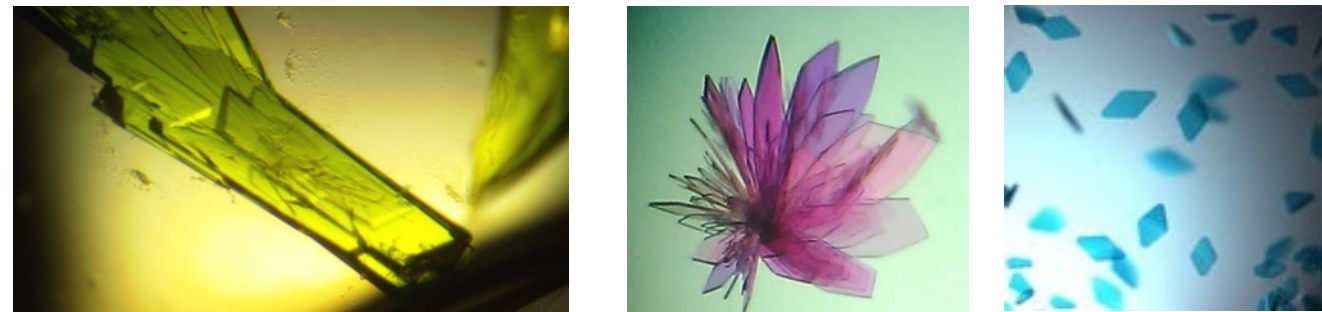
- Cofactor: **Flavins**, NADPH, **chlorophylls**



- Photoactive proteins (**retinal**, biliverdin)



- Fluorescent proteins (**cyan**, red, near-infrared)



# Why performing optical spectroscopy on crystals?

## Optical spectroscopy used in complement to MX:

- (1) To determine the **functional state** of the crystalline protein
- (2) To evaluate the extent of specific **radiation damage** effects
- (3) To optimize **kinetic crystallography** experiments (structure determination of **unstable species**, in time or dose)

## When and where?

- Before or after the diffraction experiment: **Offline setup**
- During the diffraction experiment: **Online setup**

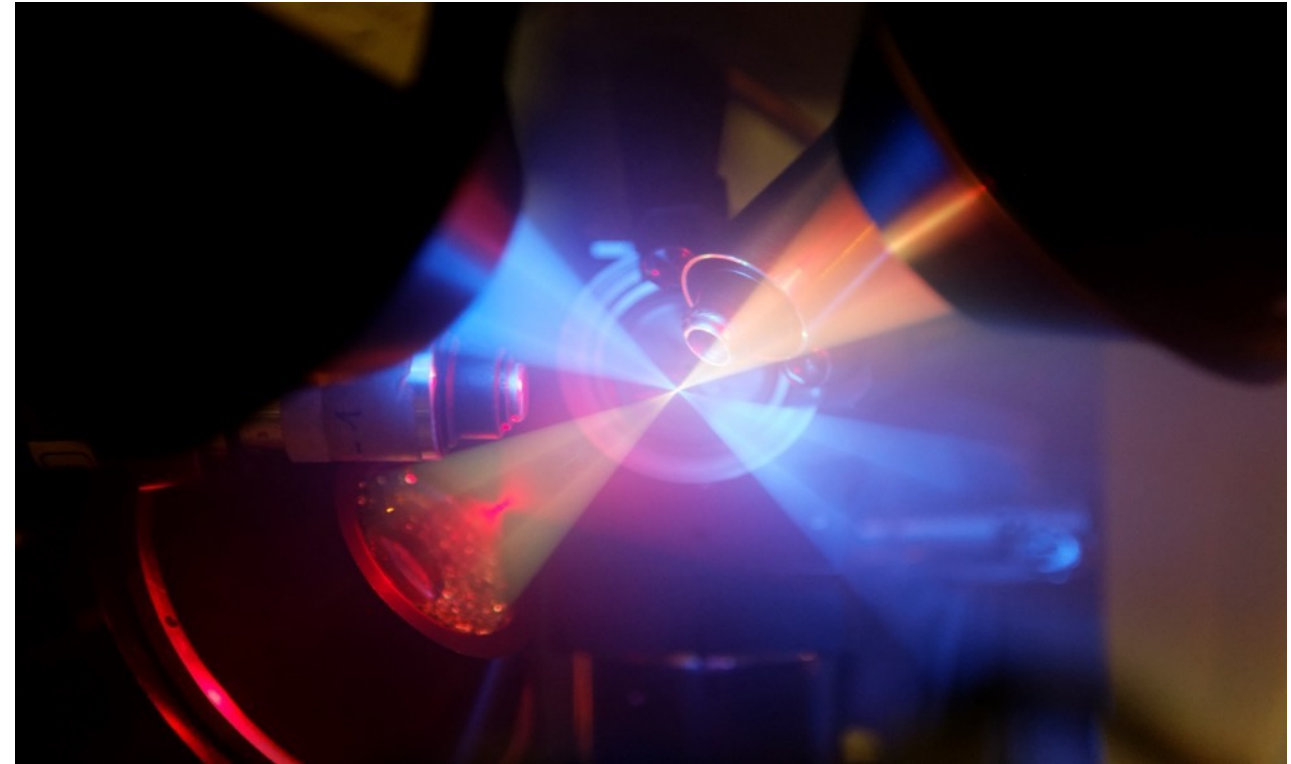


# Offline setup: the icOS Lab – Control Cabin and Experimental Hutch

Now in Chartreuse Hall between new ID29 and ID30B



## New automated spectroscopy setup (2018)



- Standard MX beamline equipment (minidiffractometer MD2M with 3-click sample centring, back/front lights, on-axis viewer)
- Motorized optical objectives



# BM07-FIP2: the new French CRG MX beamline (BM30A-FIP replacement)



**Detector:** Pilatus 2 6M

**Sample Changer:** G-ROB, taking only **Spine pucks** - **Crystallisation plates** and **remote mode:** end of 2022

**Tophat beam:** 50 x 50  $\mu\text{m}^2$  to 250 x 250  $\mu\text{m}^2$

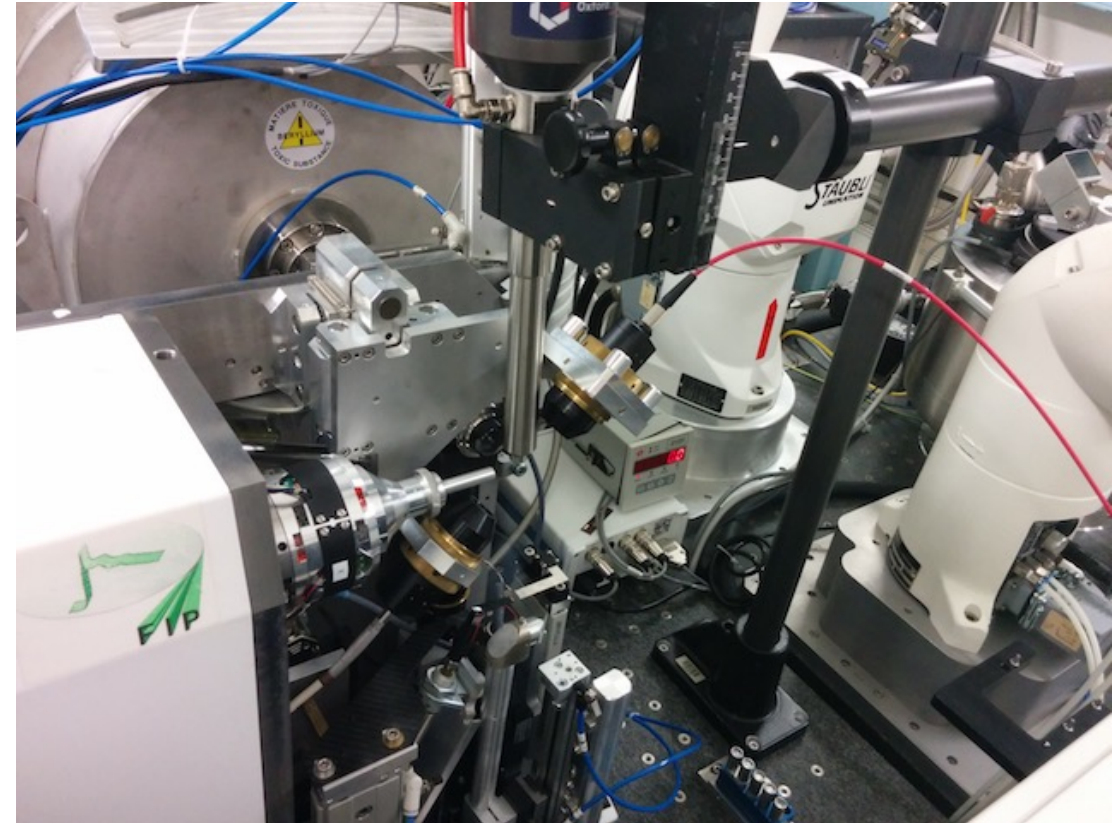
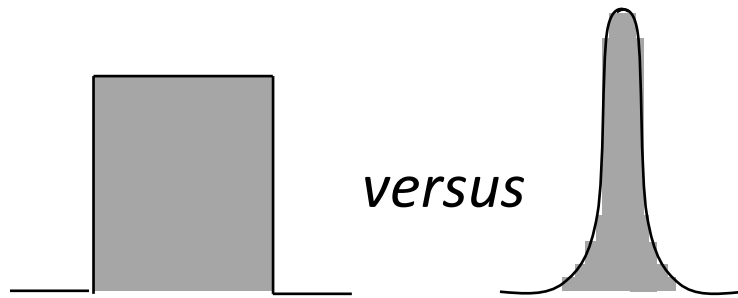
Tunable energy between **7** and **17 keV**

**x10 increase in flux** after EBS vs. BM30A:  $\sim 1\text{E}+12$  ph/s at 12.7 keV

Typical data collection time: **3 min** (vs. 15-30 min on BM30A)

# On-line UV-vis absorption spectroscopy on BM07-FIP2 (large crystals, > 50-100 $\mu\text{m}$ )

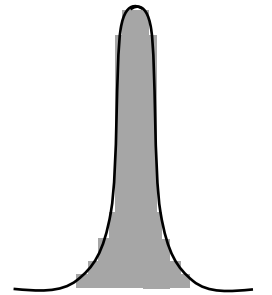
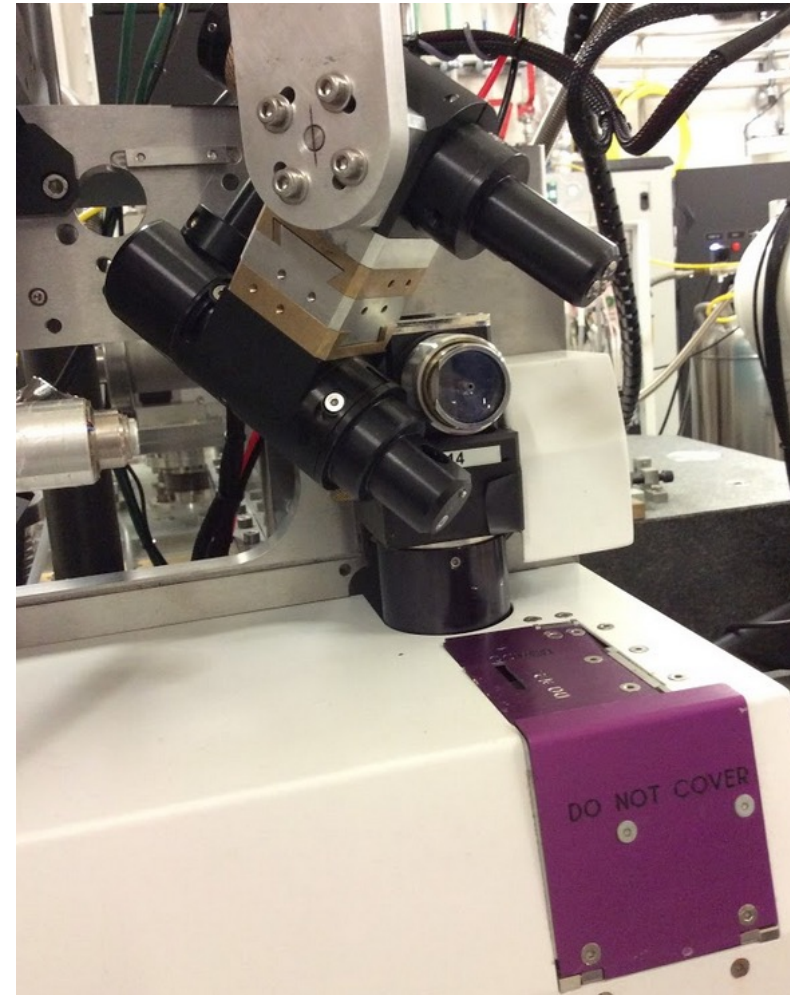
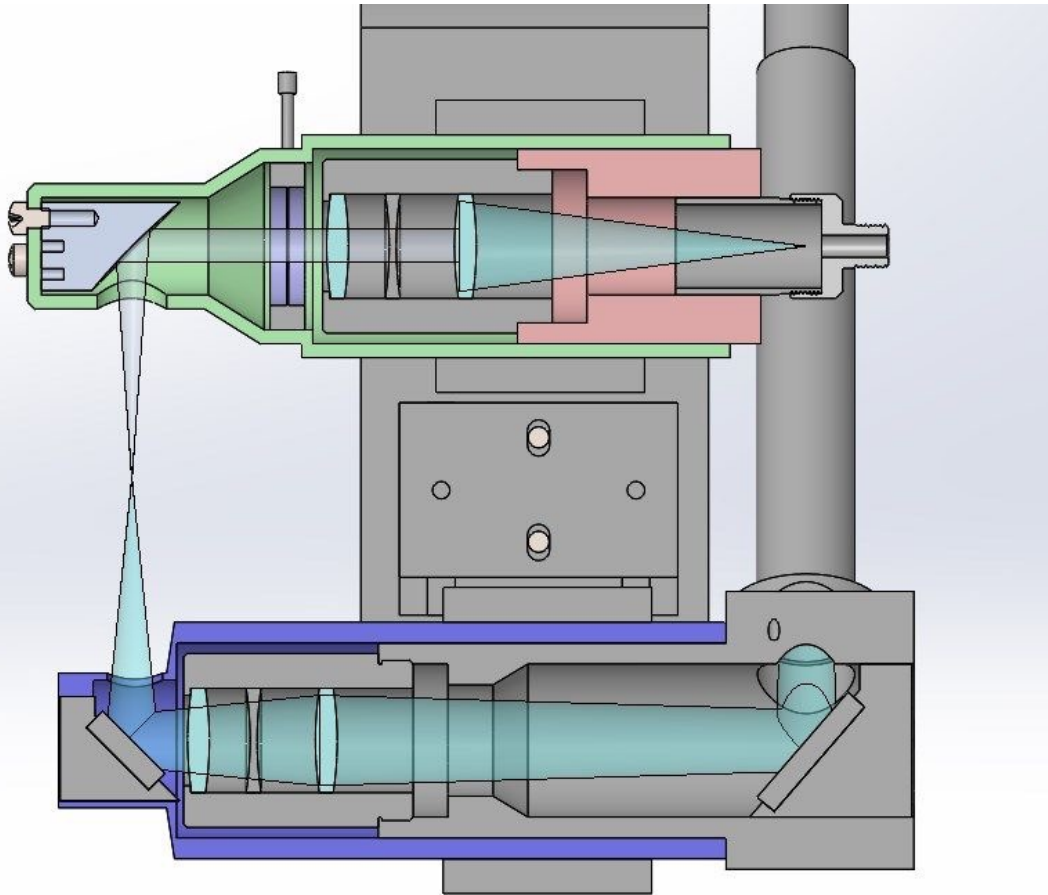
- Use of EMBL/ESRF micros pec (McGeehan *et al.* (2009))
- Cryogenic (still very) low dose spectroscopic characterization  
-> complementary to other MX beamlines
- Importance of keeping a TopHat beam vs. Gaussian beam for radiation damage studies





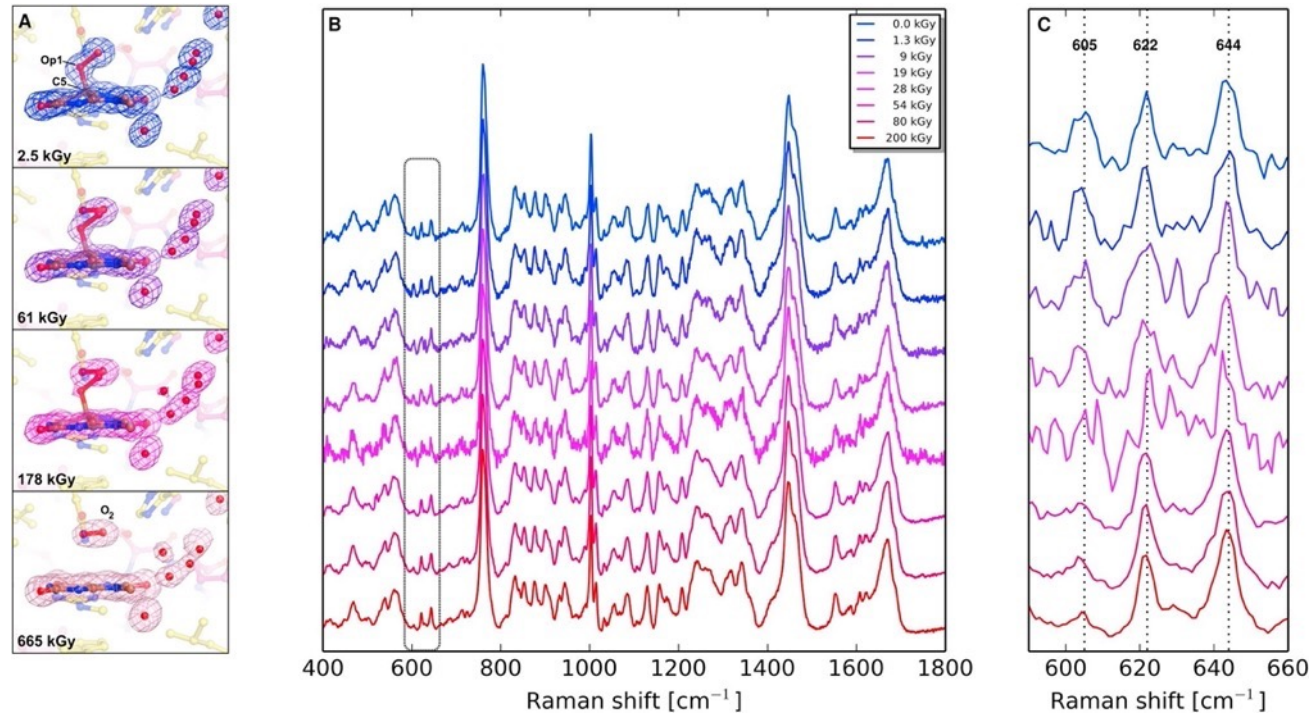
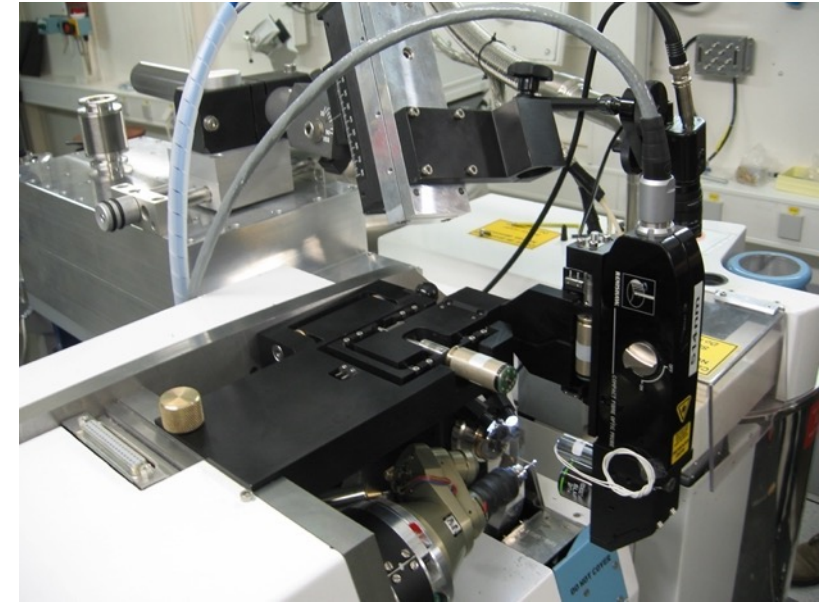
# On-line UV-vis absorption spectroscopy on ID30A-3 (smaller crystals, 15-20 $\mu\text{m}$ )

- Brand new design (O. Hignette/P. Theveneau, ESRF) - use of parabolic mirrors
- Developed by D. von Stetten then I. Melnikov



# On-line Raman spectroscopy, from ID29 to ID30B

- Originally developed on ID29 (synergy with ID29S-Cryobench) von Stetten *et al.*, *J. Struct. Biol.* (2017)
- Online Raman not suitable for ID29 any more (beam size)
- Will be suitable to the adjustable beam size of ID30B
- Radiation damage studies – monitoring specific bond breakage or deformation of groups (or of secondary structures)





# TR-icOS: A setup for Time-Resolved *in crystallo* Optical Spectroscopy



Pump-probe experiments:

- **Pump** = nanosecond pulse from laser
  - **Probe** = microsecond pulse from flash-lamp
- > Series of transient UV-vis absorption spectra

See Daniele's presentation

## Summary: various available spectroscopies, or soon-to-be

Spectroscopy	Off-line	On-line
UV-vis absorption	<i>icOS</i>	<b>BM07-FIP2</b> (large beam > 50-100 $\mu\text{m}$ )
Fluorescence	<i>icOS</i>	<b>ID30A-3 (MASSIF-3)</b> (small beam ~15-20 $\mu\text{m}$ )
Raman	<i>icOS</i>	<b>ID30B (soon)</b>
Time-resolved UV-vis absorption (microsecond)	<i>icOS</i>	-

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# Recent *icOS* highlights

**(1)** Rodrigues *et al.*, *Nat. Chem. Biol.* (2017) – Lysine relay mechanism coordinates intermediate transfer in vitamin B6 biosynthesis

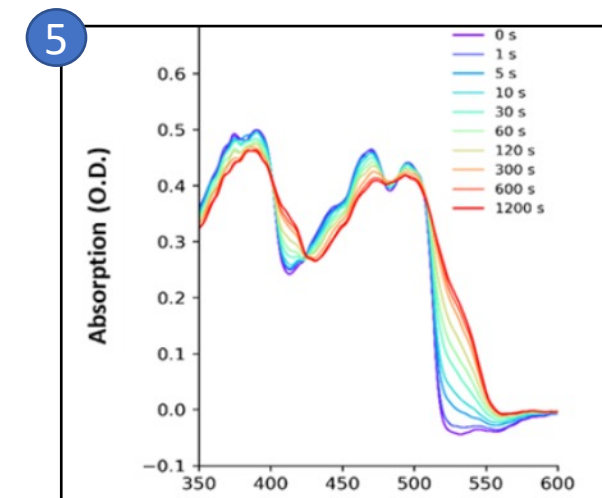
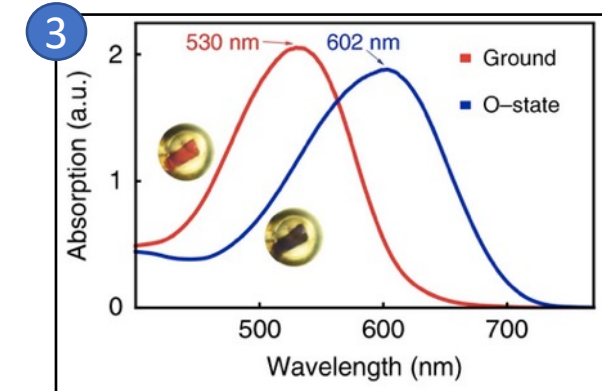
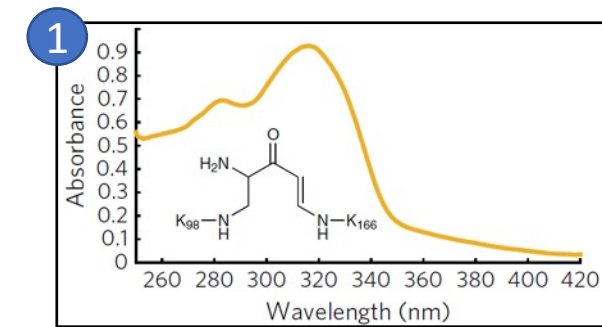
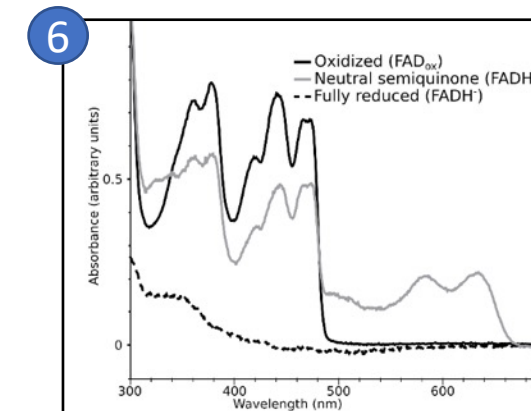
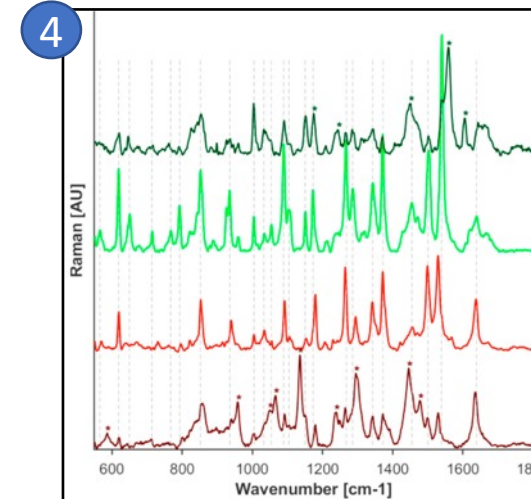
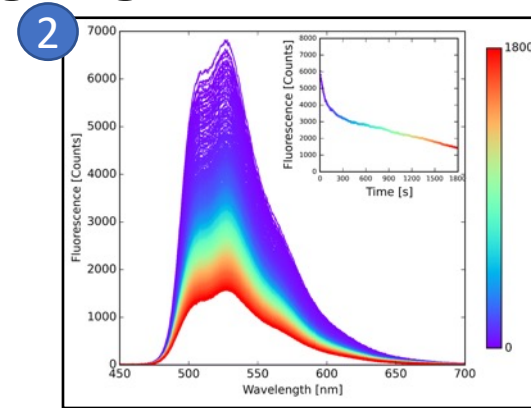
**(2)** Torra *et al.*, *Sci. Rep.* (2019) – Tailing miniSOG: structural bases of the complex photophysics of a flavin-binding singlet oxygen photosensitizing protein

**(3)** Kovalev *et al.*, *Nat. Commun.* (2020) – Molecular mechanism of light-driven sodium pumping

**(4)** de Zitter *et al.*, *JACS* (2020) – Mechanistic Investigations of Green mEos4b Reveal a Dynamic Long-Lived Dark State

**(5)** Sorigué *et al.*, *Science* (2021) – Mechanism and dynamics of fatty acid photodecarboxylase

**(6)** Maestre-Reyna *et al.*, *Nat. Chem.* (accepted) – Serial crystallography captures dynamic control of sequential electron and proton transfer events in a flavoenzyme



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