

# Preparation and observation of cells at ID16A nanoprobe

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# Acknowledgements

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Bissardon : Post-doc  
INCA/Inserm (2016-2018)



*Nucleic Acid Lesions Laboratory*



CEA/DRF/INAC/SyMMES

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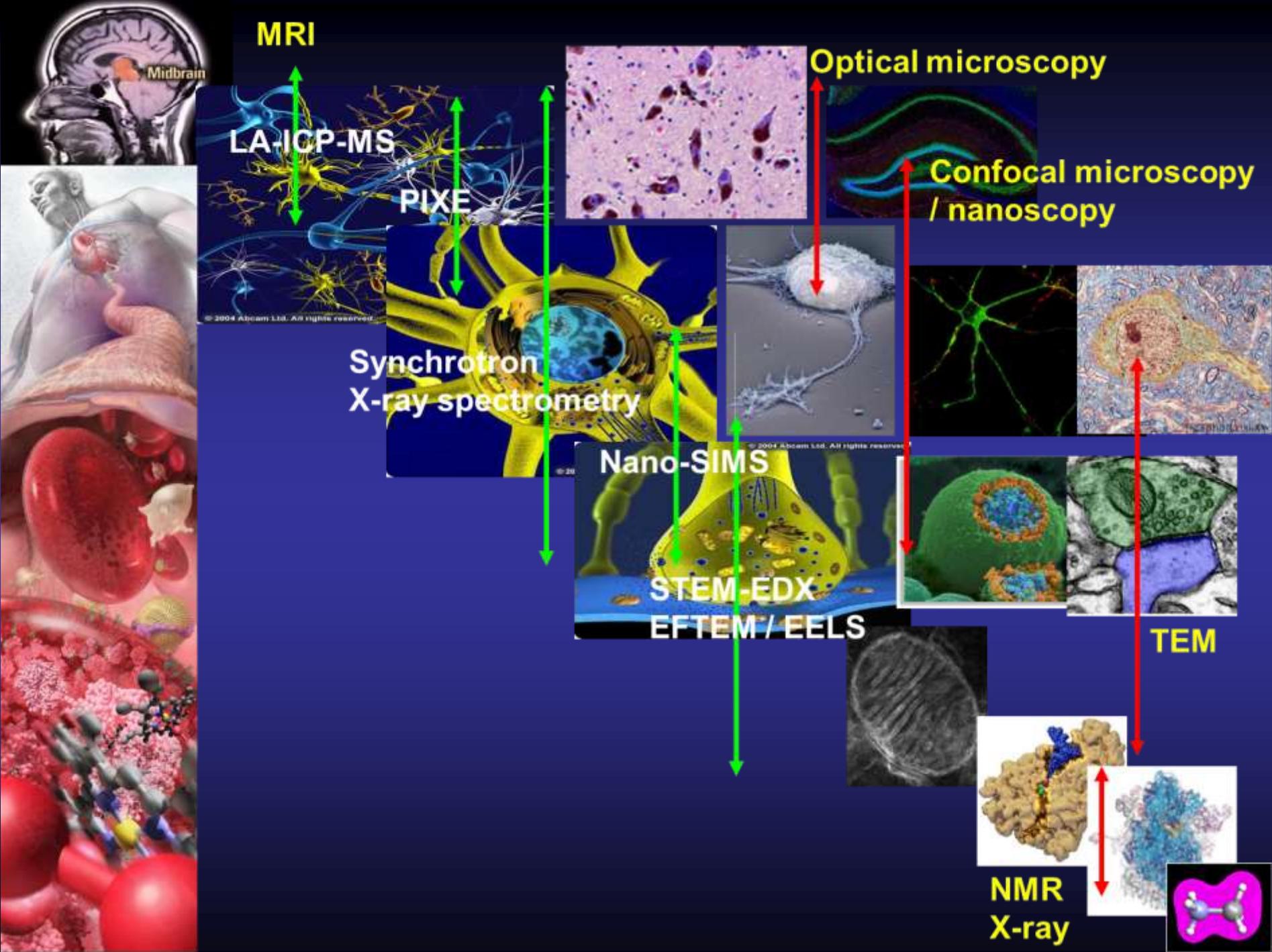


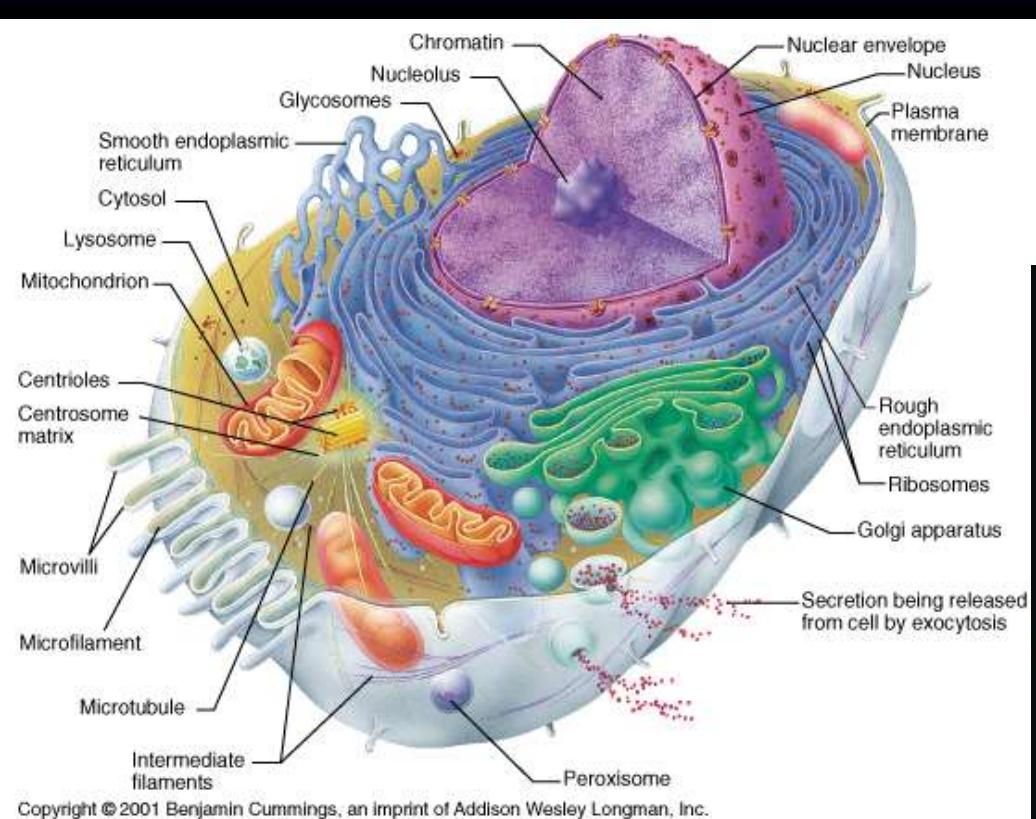
Team BioMet



Laboratory of Chemistry and Biology  
of Metals (LCBM) - CEA/BIG

A. Bouron





**Slab of cytoplasm,  $3.1 \times 3.2 \times 1.2 \mu\text{m}^3$**



*ER, yellow; membrane-bound ribosomes, blue; free ribosomes, orange; MTs, bright green; dense core vesicles, bright blue; clathrin-negative vesicles, white; clathrin-positive compartments and vesicles, bright red; clathrin-negative compartments and vesicles, purple; mitochondria, dark green.*

# Nanochemical analysis : How to preserve of cellular morphology and chemical element distribution integrity ?

Air dried



Freeze-dried



Native



Chemically fixed



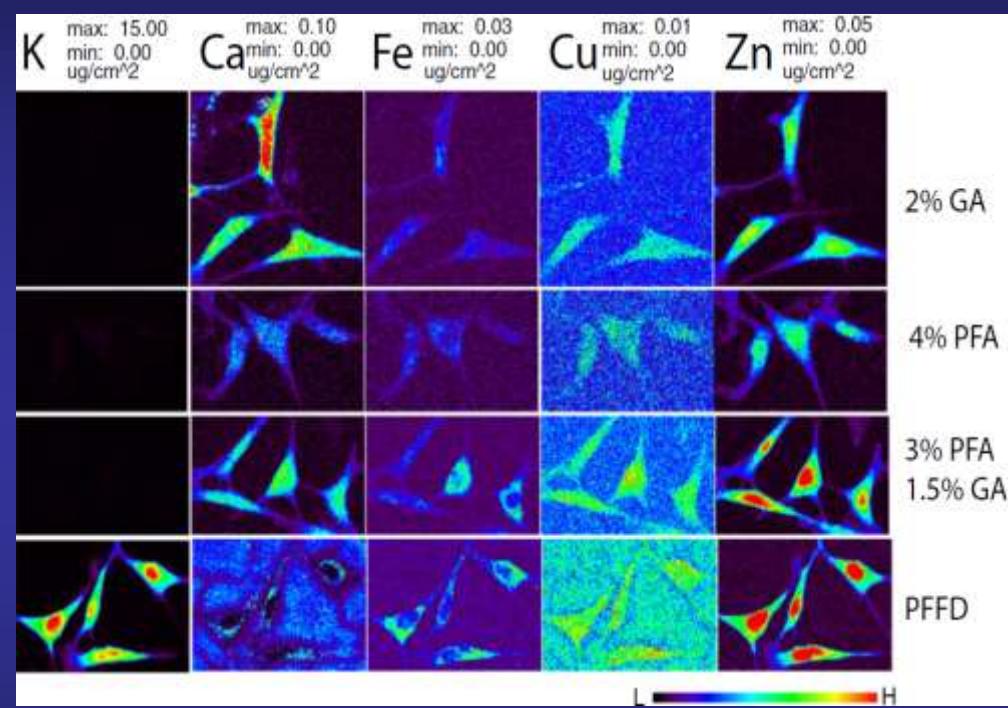
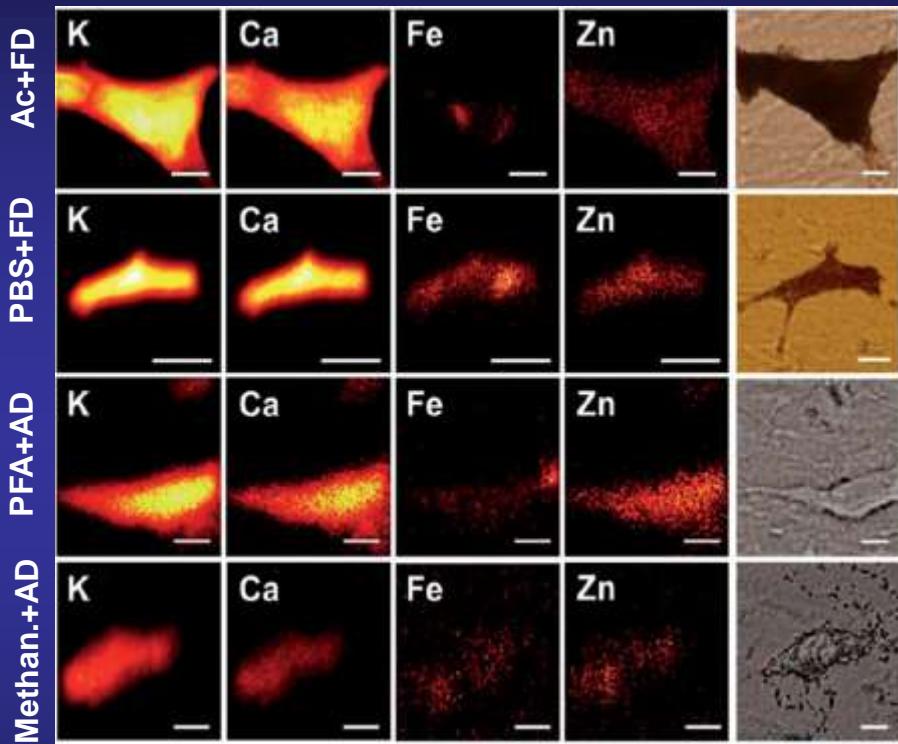
Frozen hydrated



# Nanochemical analysis : How to preserve of cellular morphology and chemical element distribution integrity ?

- Perrin, L., et al. (2014) JAAS 30, 2525.  
PC-12 rat cells

- Jin, Q., et al. (2017). J. Microsc., 265, 81.  
NIH/3T3 mouse embryonic fibro.



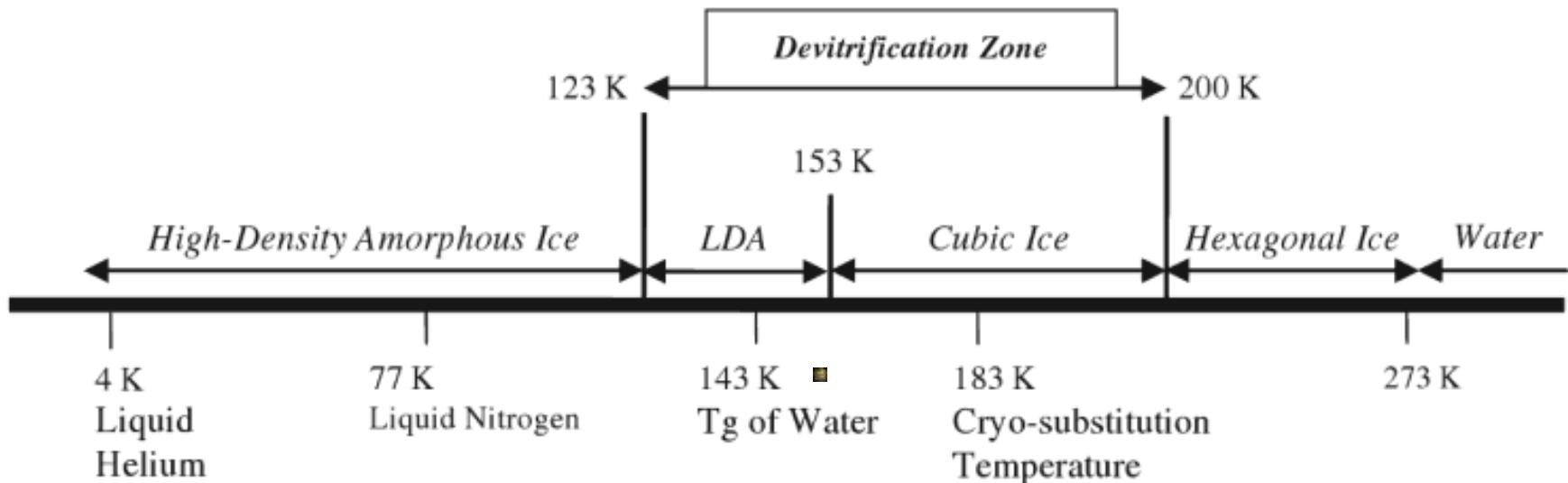
Cryopreparation : complexity and sometimes cost, limit its use.

Still, it is the best way to be as close as possible to cell native state  
and preserve morphology + chemical integrity

I will not talk about the possibility of combined High-pressure freezing and freeze substitution techniques : see Veronesi G., talk; neither chemical fixation.

# Freezing diagram for organic solution in water

(biologic sample osmolarity ~ 270 - 300 mOsm/kg e.g. D-PBS -Ca<sup>2+</sup>/-Mg<sup>2+</sup>)

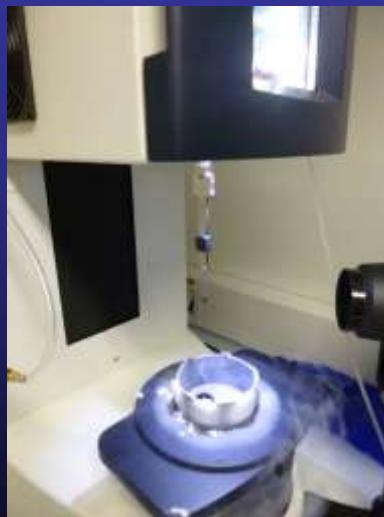
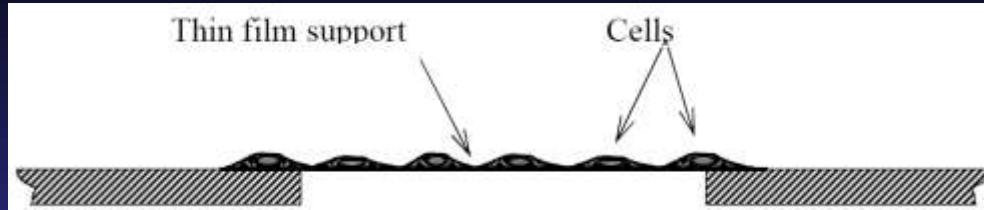


LDA = Low-Density Amorphous Ice

In a biological-type heterogeneous sample – devitrification occurs ~ 153K  
~ -120 °C

Ideally: safest to keep sample < 130-120 K ~ -130/-150 °C

# Cryopreparation



# Plunge freezing

- Rinsing: good start 120-150 mM ammonium acetate, pH 7.4
- Blotting filter paper



5 sec.



3-5 sec.



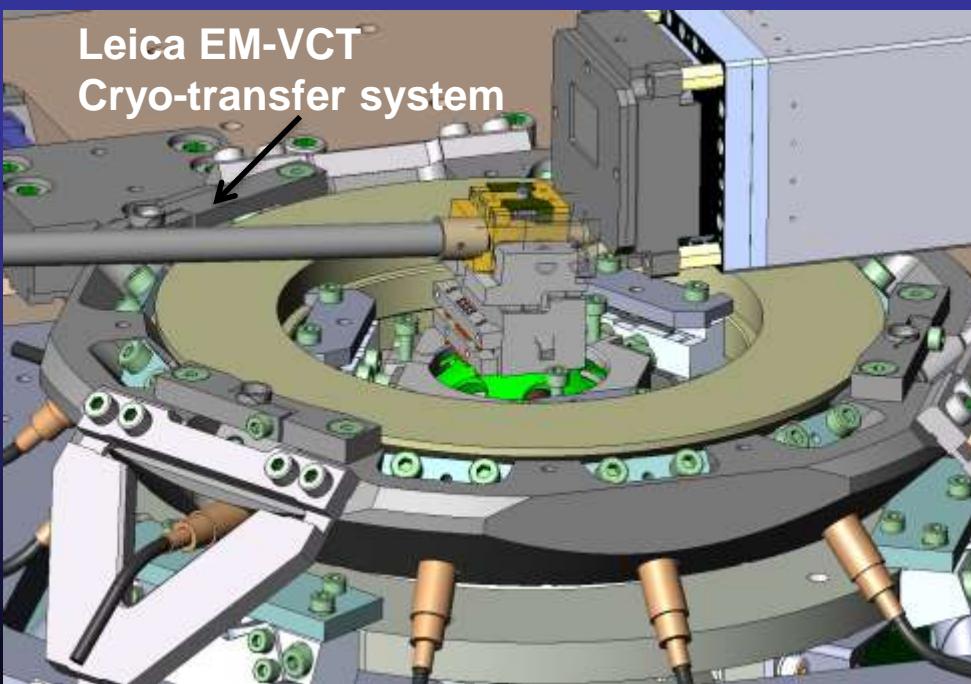
> ~ 5 sec.

# Plunge freezing

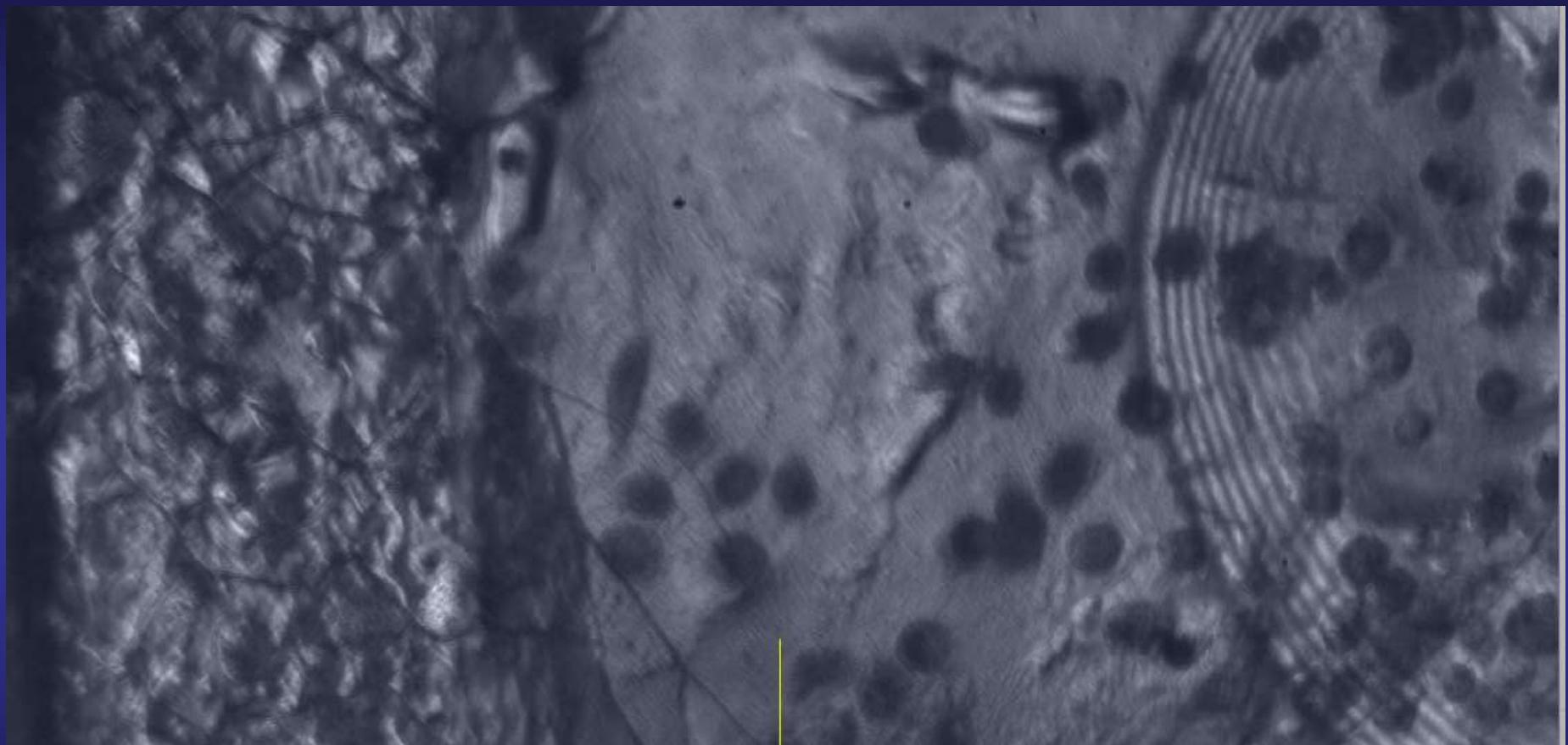


Movie

# CRYOGENIC WORKFLOW at ID16A



# Vitrified sample – VLM online view on ID16A

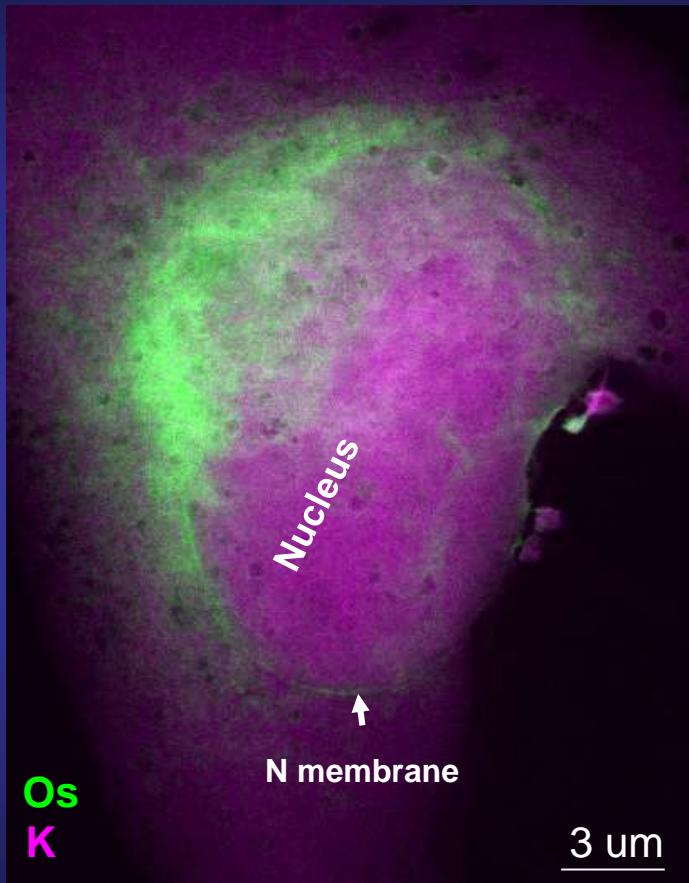


15-20  $\mu\text{m}$  ice

Importance of having as far as possible vitrified rather than frozen specimens:  
EM beam radiation damages more severe at interfaces organic material/crystalline ice  
than with vitreous ice: Talmont Y, Adrian M, Dubochet J (1986) J, Microscopy 14:375,

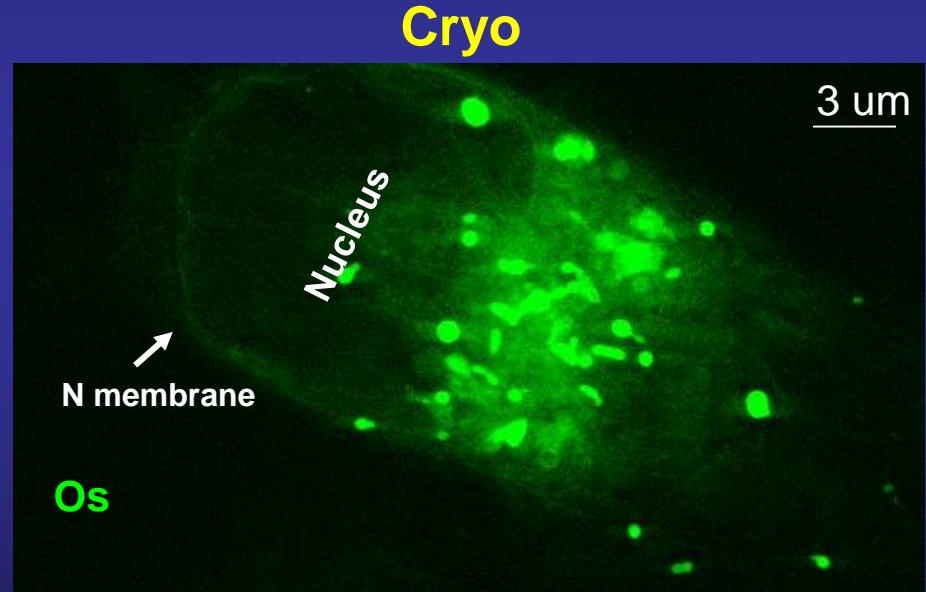
# XRF on chemically fixed cells v.s. Cryo-XRF

## Room Temperature – light chemical fixation



MDA-MB-231 human breast cancer cell line  
1h. incubation Osmocifen compound, 2 μM

50 nm pixel size  
 $E_0 = 17 \text{ keV}$ , 50 ms dwell-time



Fus, F. , Yang, Y. , Lee, S. , Top, S. , Carriere, M. , Bouron, A. , Pacureanu, A. , Da Silva, J. , Salmain, M. , vessieres, A. , Cloetens, P. , Jaouen, G. and Bohic, S. (2019), Intracellular localization of an osmocetyl-tamoxifen derivative in breast cancer cells revealed by synchrotron radiation X-ray fluorescence nanoimaging. *Angew. Chem.* doi:[10.1002/ange.201812336](https://doi.org/10.1002/ange.201812336)

# Subcellular imaging of organelles targeted by cancer drugs

MDA-MB-231 cell, Oc-OH-Tam, 1h incubation

Cryo X-ray Fluorescence nanotomography

K and Os

Rendering

Os - projections



Os and K slices



Os - slices



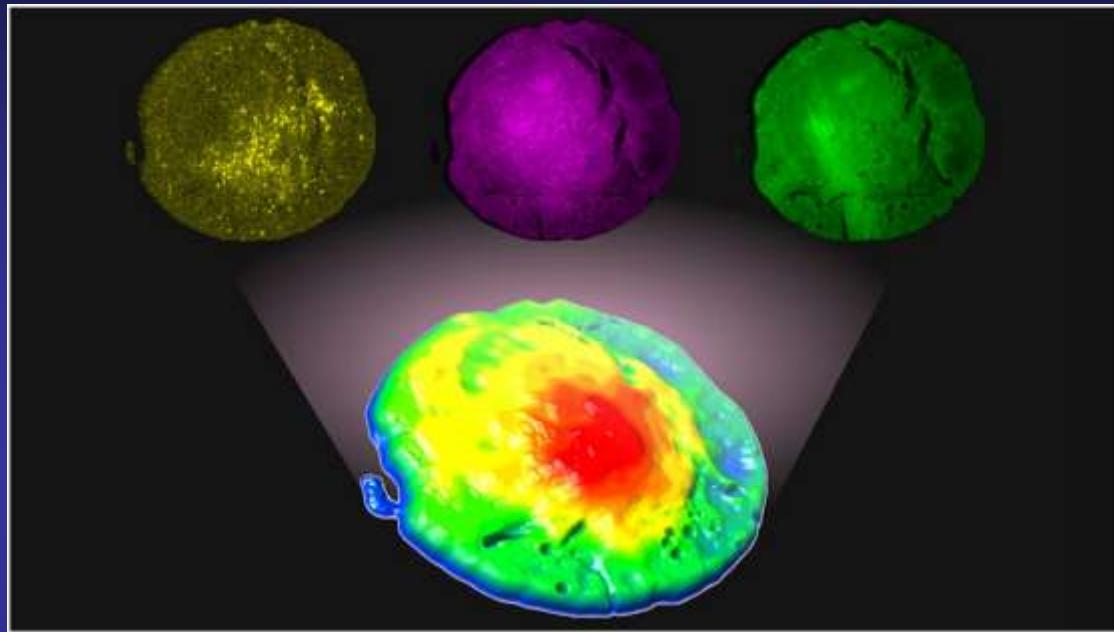
## Movie

A. Pacureanu, ESRF, ID6A

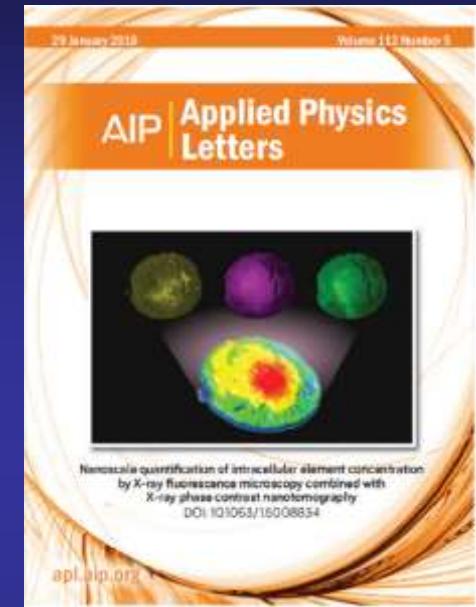
**Confirm a distribution endomembrane system that encompass : nuclear membrane, perinuclear space (endoplasmic reticulum; vacuolar regions)**

See also poster @ USM – 05/02/19

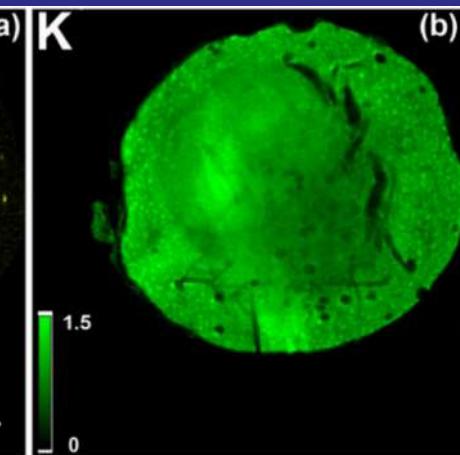
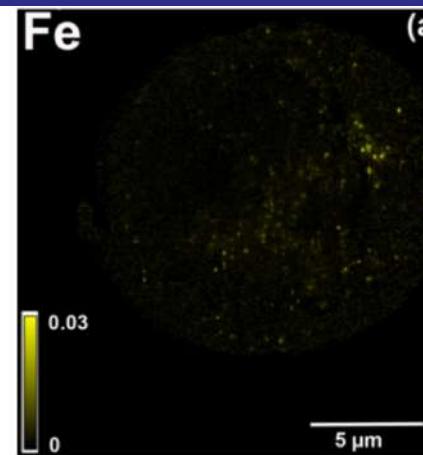
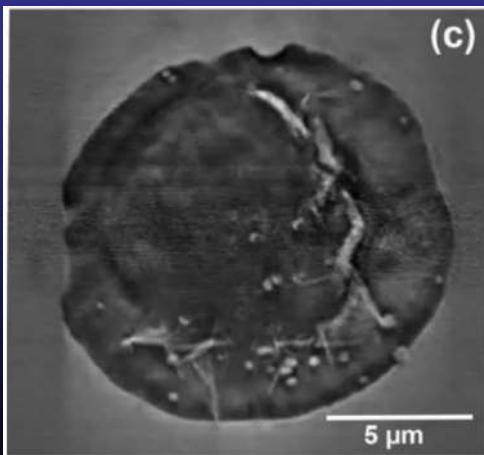
Gramaccioni et al.: Cryo-nanoimaging of single human macrophage cells:  
3D structural and chemical quantification



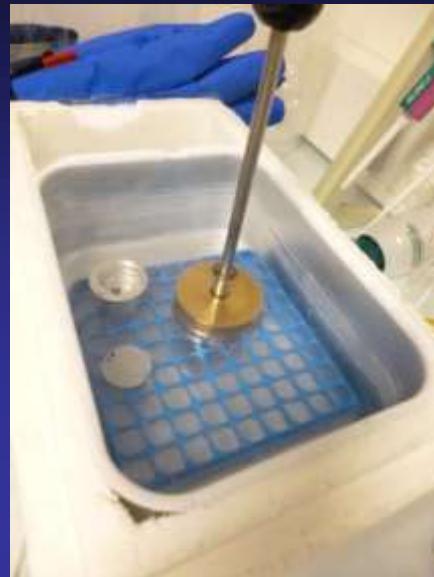
Holo-tomo, transverse slice



XRF molar concentration maps



# Freeze drying protocol @ ID16



Protocol we recommend for smooth freeze-drying of cells. (manual LN<sub>2</sub> refilling)

- 2h @ 153 K
- 1h: increase 153 K to 193 K
- 2h @ 193 K
- 1h : increase 193 K to 223K
- 2h @ 223 K
- 6h: increase 223 K to 303 K

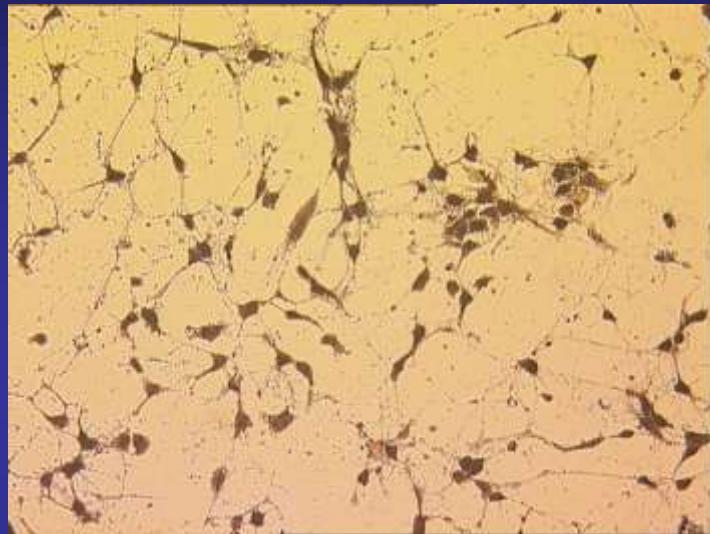
Turbo pump

7. 10<sup>-5</sup> mbar

# Cryopreparation – freeze-drying

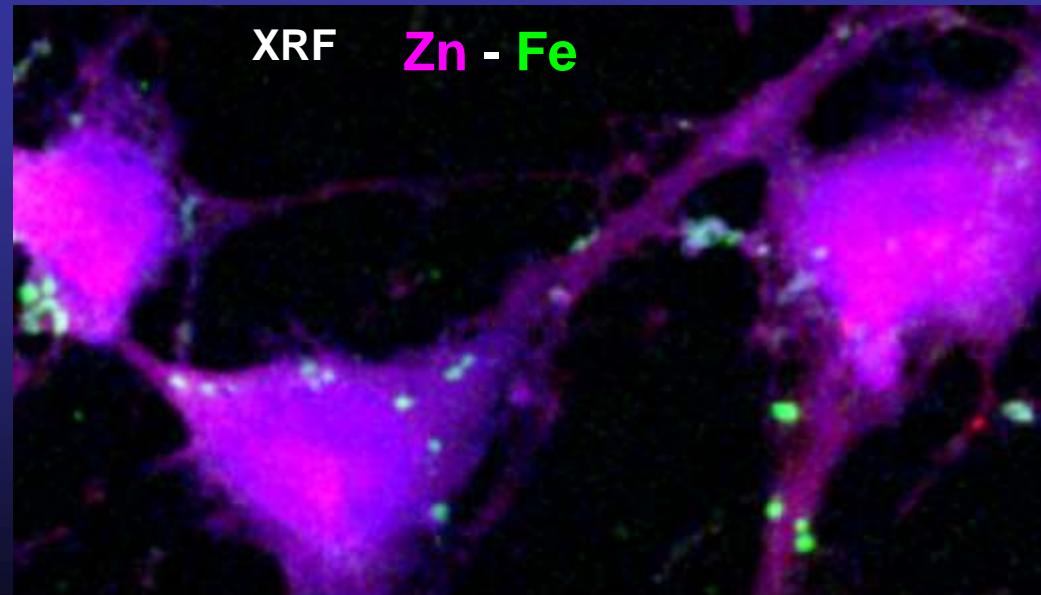
## Freeze-dried neurons cultured on Si<sub>3</sub>N<sub>4</sub> membranes

[Poly-L-lysine (0.0025% in H<sub>2</sub>O, 90 min @ 37 °C), followed by poly-L-ornithine(0.0033%inH<sub>2</sub>O,90min. @ 37 °C)]



Room temperature, in-air analysis  
optical microscopy view in transmission

In-vacuum analysis requires  
30-50 nm carbon coating on the FD sample



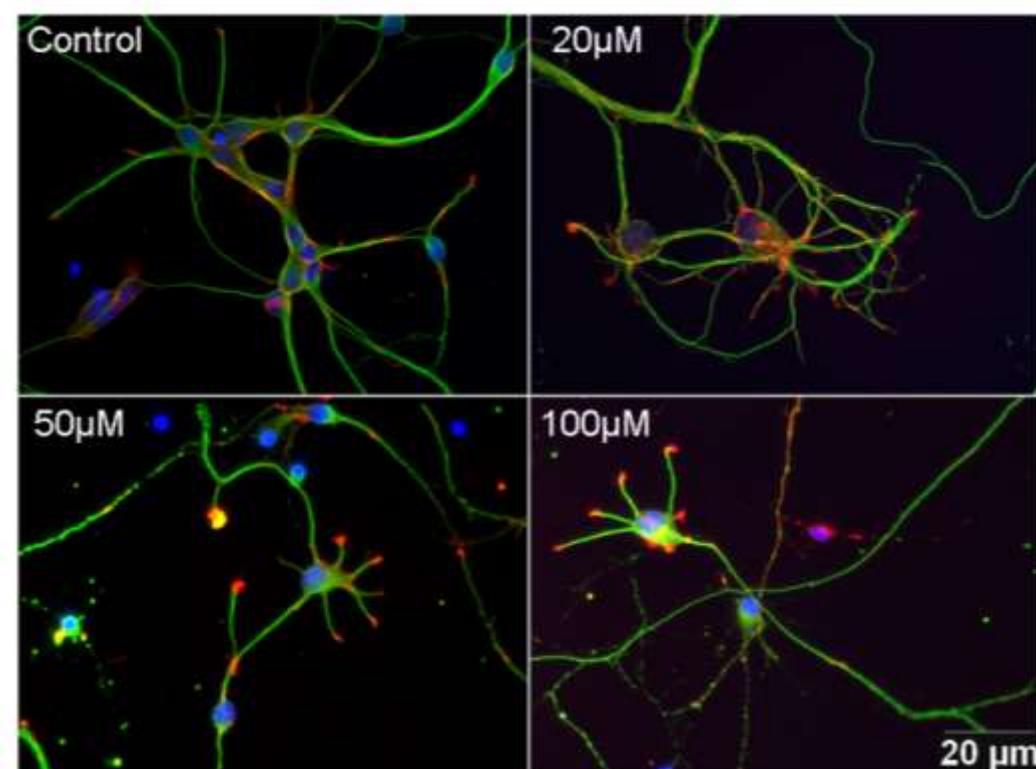
Daoust, A., Saoudi, Y., Brocard, J., Collomb, N., Batandier, C., Bisbal, M., salome S, Andrieux A., Bohic S.& Barbier, E. L. (2014) Hippocampus, 24(5), 598-610.

Gibon, J., Tu, P., Bohic, S., Richaud, P., Arnaud, J., Zhu, M., ... & Bouron, A. (2011). *Biochimica et Biophysica Acta (BBA)-Biomembranes*, 1808(12), 2807-2818.

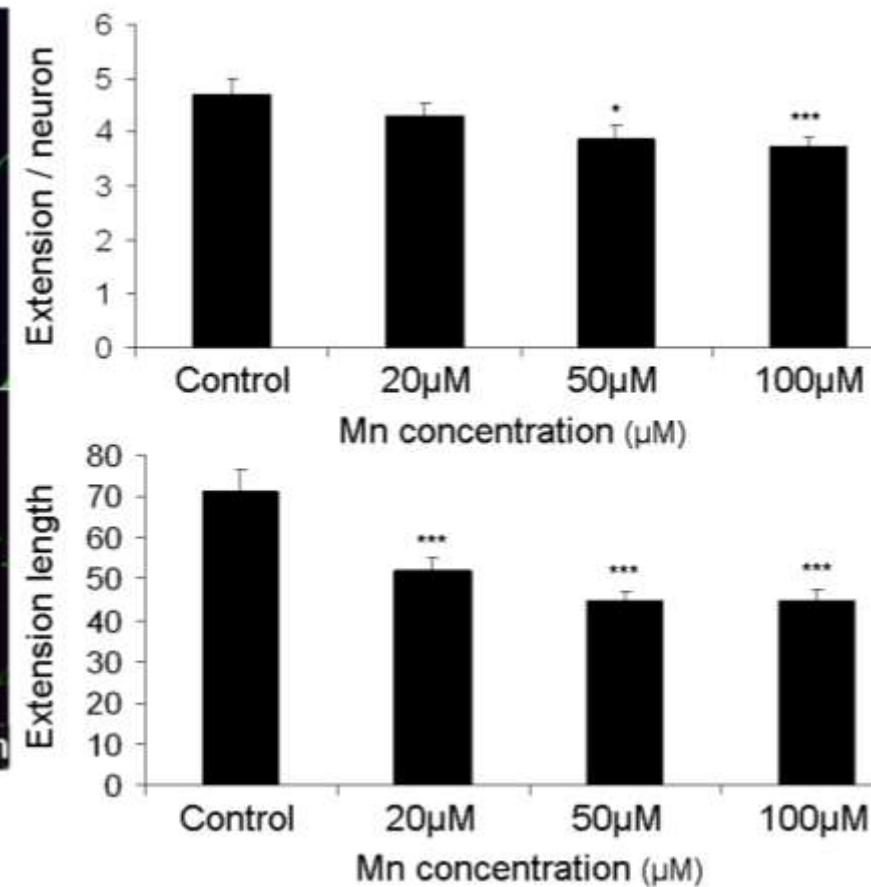
Kosior, E., Bohic, S., Suhonen, H., Ortega, R., Devès, G., Carmona, A., ... & Cloetens, P. (2012). *Journal of structural biology*, 177(2), 239-247.

Tubulin  
Actin  
Nucleus

## Morphologic neuronal characteristics



n=60; \*p<0.05; \*\*\*p<0.001; mean  $\pm$  SEM



► Decrease of neuritic extension number and extension length upon MnCl<sub>2</sub> exposure

# CRYOGENIC WORKFLOW at ID16A

## Perspective : CRYO-LIGHT



### IBS – EM platform / onsite

High Pressure Freezing,  
Cryo-Ultramicrotomy

or



Grid Plunging



Cryo-Transfer System



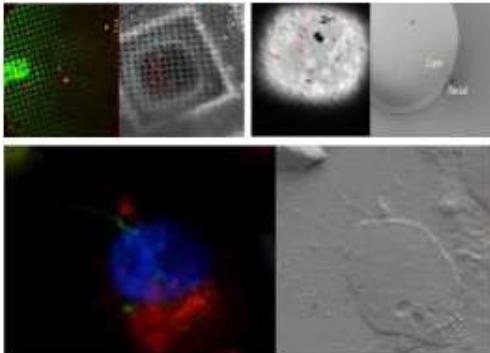
Leica Cryo Light Microscopy

**Cryo CLEM**



Leica LAS X Widefield Images used for  
correlation of LM marked structures in EM

### Image Analysis



### Cryo-TEM

**X-ray nanoprobe ID16A**



Transfer to cryoTEM

# Selected references – good start

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